Wild boar hunting in the French Alps: faced with ecological norm and animal right norm

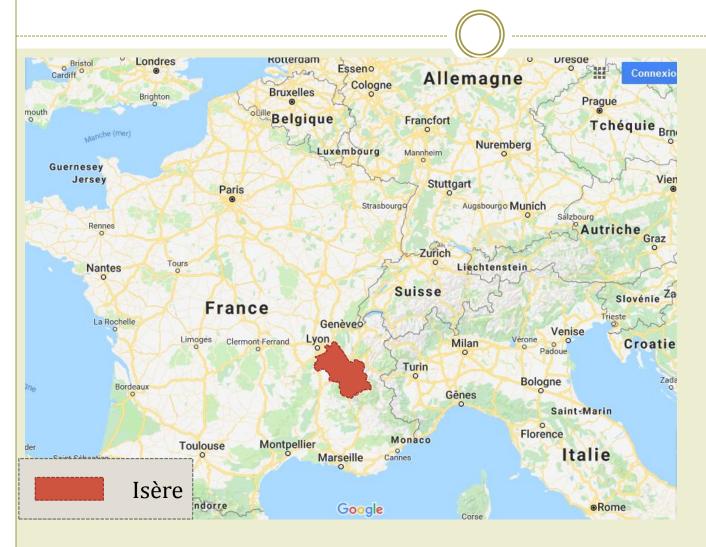
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## Societal norms vs hunting norms

- « Ecological norm » : wild animal as a species belonging to an ecosystem
- « Animal right norm » : domestic animal as a sentient individual
  - How do hunters face these norms? (discourses and practices)
- I. Environmental involvementII. Domestic involvementIII. « Passion » / wild involvement



# Methodology



« Common hunt » in groups / beats

- 90 interviews with hunters
- Observations in protected area
- Interviews with naturalists, scientists, protected area managers

#### **Introduction** Envi

Environmental inv.

Domestic inv.

« Passion » inv.

Ccl

# first ecologists of Fra

### premiers écologistes

lls participent bénévolement à la sauvegarde de la biodiversité de nos campagnes. Les apports de la chasse à la nature sont estimés à 360 millions d'euros par an.\*\*

de France ?\*

Vote des auditeurs RMC-BFMTV Jean-Jacques Bourdin du 31 mai 2018 : 60% oui / 40% non.
 \*\* 309 actions en faveur des espèces non chassables réalisées par les chasseurs depuis février 2016. (Source : Cyn'Actions Biodiv - www.chasseurdefrance.com/cynactions)

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Domestic inv.



 $Cc^{1}$ 

#### The hunters, first ecologists **Les chasseurs** of Frances

#### premiers écologistes

#### de France ?

This species is (regulated to prevent the transmission) of leptospirosis to humans

Cette espèce est régulée pour éviter la transmission à l'homme de la leptospirose.

\* Vote des auditeurs RMC-BFMTV Jean-Jacques Bourdin du 31 mai 2018 : 60% oui / 40% non.
\*\* Les apports de la chasse à la nature sont estimés à 360 millions d'euros pour ce qui est de l'aménagement des miliéux et la gestion des populations animales et végétales. La régulation des espèces exotiques envahissantes ou porteuses de zonoses représente 12% de ce chiffre. (Source : Etude BIPE 2 – 2017 – Bureau d'Information et de Prévisions Economiques)

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Régulation assurée par plus de 100 000 piégeurs agréés. (Source UNAPF : Union Nationale des Piégeurs agréés de France) 🧤

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# Les choisseurs,

#### premiers écologistes

de France ?\*

#### Ils luttent contre les plantes invasives

They struggle against invasive plants?

\* Vote des auditeurs RMC-BFMTV Jean-Jacques Bourdin du 31 mai 2018 : 60% oui / 40% non.
\*\* Plus de la moitié du temps des chasseurs est consacré à s'occuper de la nature, soit l'équivalent de 30 000 ETP (Equivalent Temps Plein)
(Source : Etude BIPE 2 – 2017 – Bureau d'Information et de Prévisions Economiques)

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# Environmental involvement

#### **Chasse gestion**

Scale of animal population. Spatially : « Unit management »

The finality of death

Technicization, rationalization : no affective dimension

Hunting : a work that must be produtive

Distancing of animal death

Animal as an object Hunting and hunters as production of dead bodies – hunting statistics

Introduction

**Environmental inv.** 

Domestic inv.



# Environmental involvement

 Environmental involvement responds to ecological norm

but:

- Legitimacy of « hunting as management » *vs* no legitimacy of « hunting for pleasure »
- Invasive species *vs* charismatic species
- Environmental involvement *vs* passion involvement



## Domestic involvement

- Relationship with farmers
- Take care of animals' lives
- Territory : paths, hedges, ...

Humans and animals : neighborhood in a familiar land, that they have built Take care of the life



# Wild / passion involvement

### Animal rights norm

### Animals as victims

Hunting as a killing device;

#### Hunters as killers

"They come to me:" Do not shoot us ". Well, say, it's as if I crossed you and I said "Do not spit on me! « (a hunter)

#### Hunting norm

" Finally, a [domestic] animal [...] is bred to be killed, while in the forest ... he can be hunted, he can not be hunted, he still has a bit of luck , while in the breeding, there is no ambiguity on the fate that is reserved for him so ... They have only to go to slaughterhouses, they will see how it goes. (a hunter) "



« Management hunting »	« Passion hunting »
Scale of animal population. Spatially : « Unit management »	Scale of individual
The finality of death	The « means » of the hunt (stalking, encounter, killing, eating, etc.)
Technicization, rationalization : no affective dimension	Agency. Uncertainty Hunting ethic led by agency : leave a chance + attention to animals'suffering
Distancing of animal death	Death as a step in relation with animals
Hunting : a work that must be produtive	Hunting : a passion with emotions
Animal as an object Hunting and hunters as a death production device	Humans and animals as subjects With uncertainty of meeting and outcomes
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# Conclusion

# • Hunters and animals and their future :

- objects or elements of a balance;
- neighbors that build a landscape
- subjects that meet together here and now, with uncertainty on the future
- and for the non hunters, victims and killers, with certainty on the future

### Categories:

abundant / non abundant
familiar / non familiar
agentive / non agentive
sentient / non sentient
...

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# Conclusion

- Domestic and Passion involvement
   Materiality of death, live, suffering animals
- Environmental involvement, ecological norms and animal rights involvements
  - Immateriality of death animals
  - Predestined futures of animals (wild abundant animals; domestic animals
  - Ways of thinking animals that eliminate other futures

