

What did YOU do in the Great Plague? The Nonconformist clergy and the 1665 crisis Anne Dunan-Page

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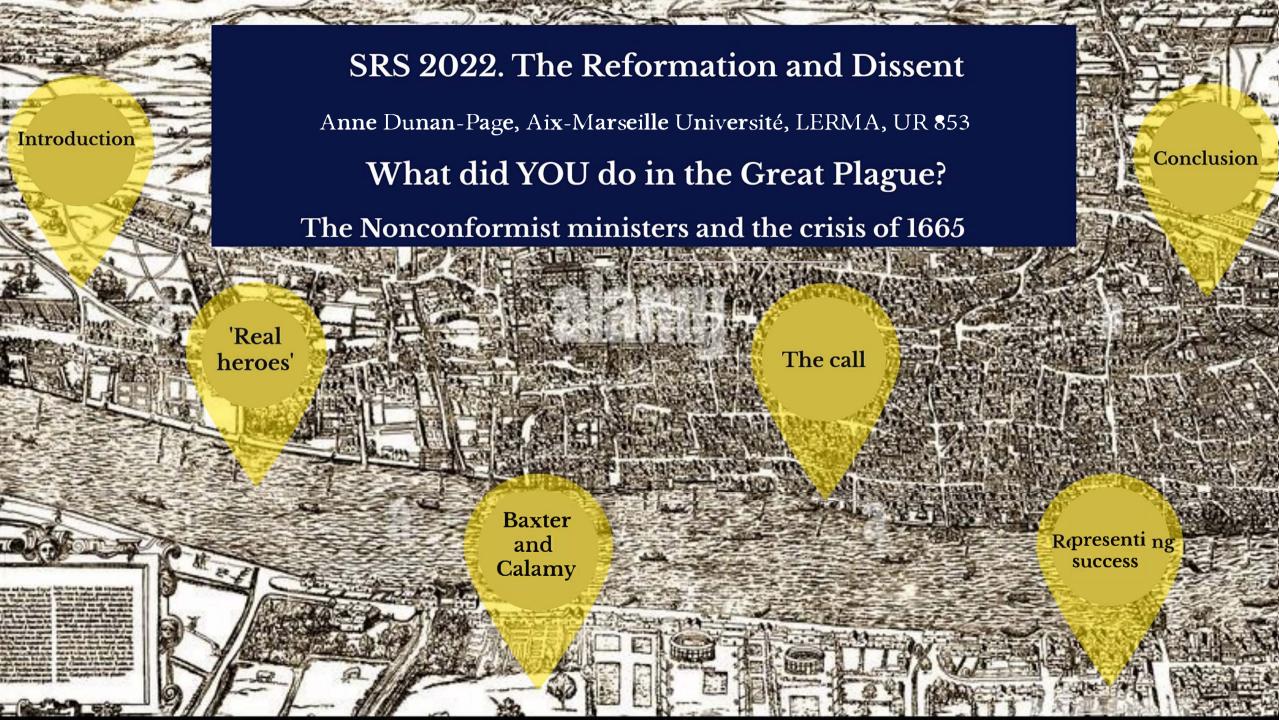
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Journal of the Plague Daniel Defoe, Journal of the Plague Year (1722)Year Thomas Vincent, God's Terrible Voice in the City (1667); 1722 edn God's Terrible Voice Journal of the Plague Year

Some Divines of the establishment maintained their station at that time with a primitive zeal and fervor; as Dr. Anthony Walker of Aldermanbury, who constantly thro' the whole visitation preached a weekly lecture at that his own church, as I have been informed by one now alive, who was used to attend it; Mr. Meriton, and some others. But the main body of the Clergy retired from the danger, and left their pulpits vacant...[God's Terrible Voice, sig. A2v]

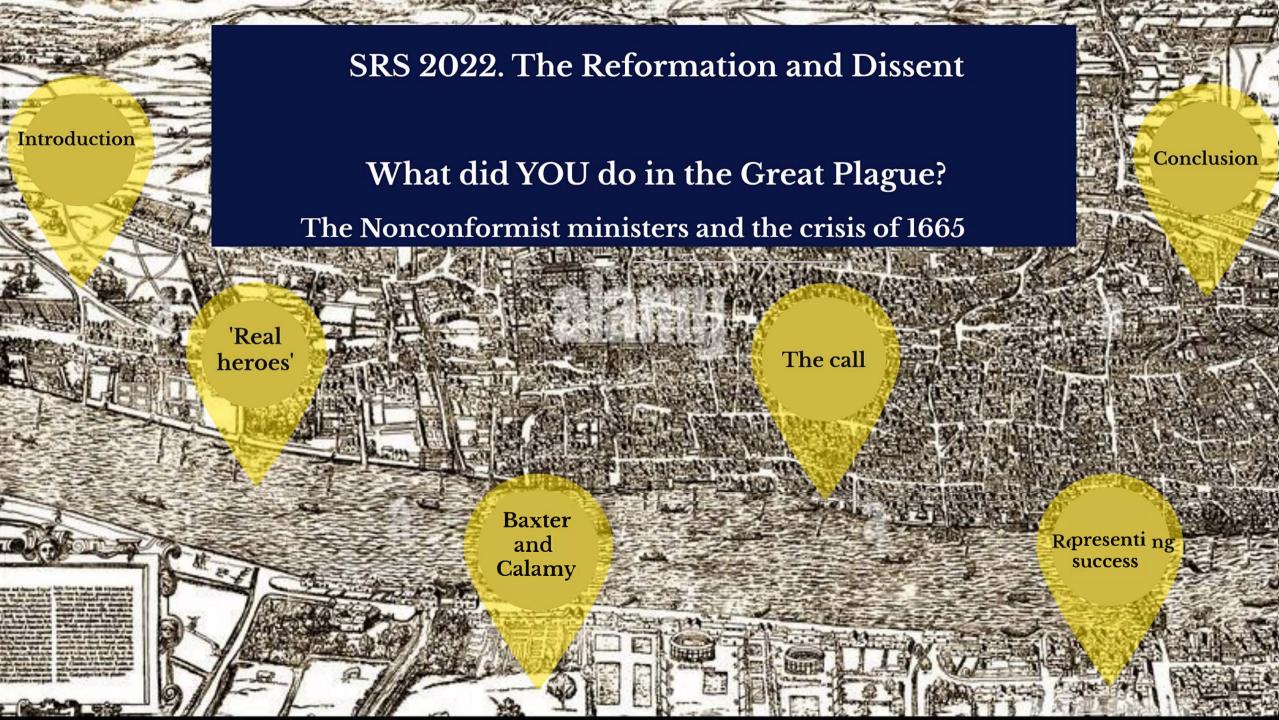
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It is true, some of the Dissenting turn'd out Ministers staid [during the plague], and their Courage is to be commended, and highly valued, but these were not abundant; it cannot be said that they all staid, and that none retir'd into the Country, any more than it can be said of the Church Clergy, that they all went away; [...] so that upon the whole, an Allowance of Charity might have been made on both Sides [...] (JPY, 225-227)

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...the Quarel remain'd; the Church [of England] and the Presbyterians were incompatible; as soon as the Plague was remov'd, the dissenting outed Ministers who had supplied the Pulpits which were deserted by the Incumbents retir'd; they cou'd expect no other; but that they should immediately fall upon them and harrass them with their penal Laws, accept their preaching while they were sick, and persecute them as soon as they were recover'd again... (JPY, 225)

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Richard Baxter and Edmund Calamy

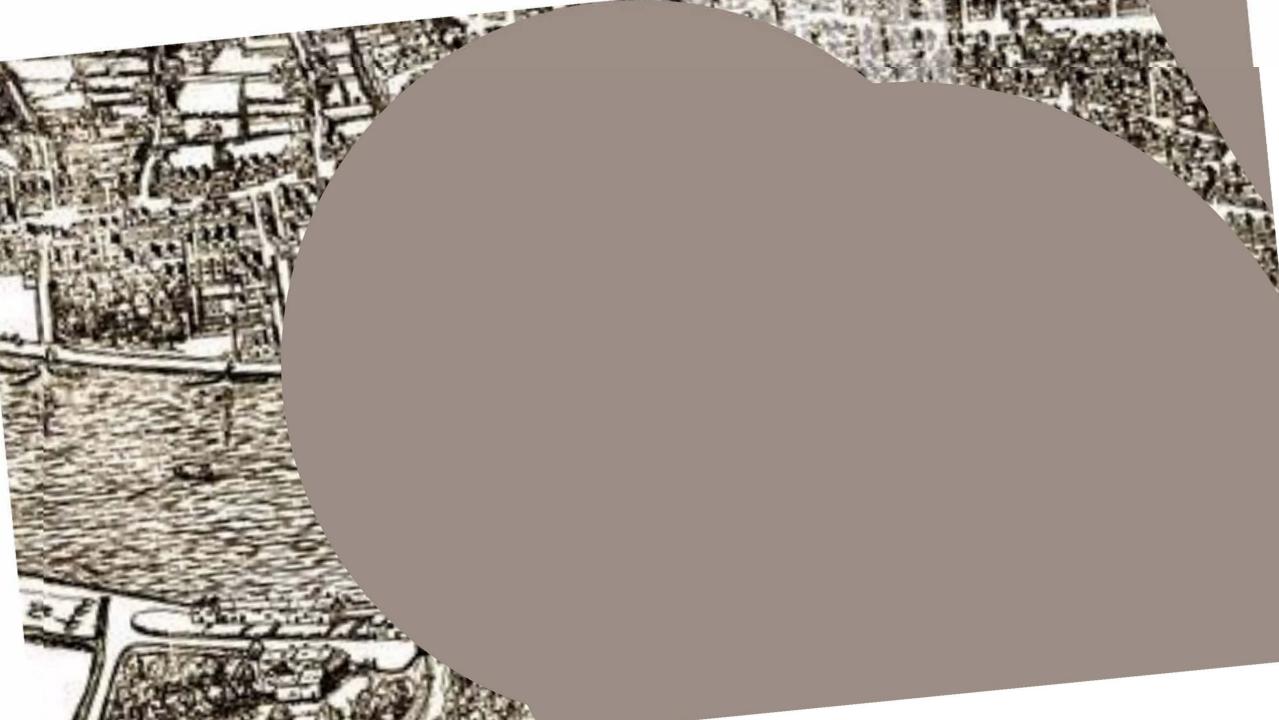
Reliquiæ Baxterianæ

... it occasioned the Silenc'd Ministers more openly and labouriously to Preach the Gospel, to the exceeding comfort and profit of the People; insomuch, that to this Day the freedom of Preaching, which this occasioned, cannot, by the daily Guards of Soldiers, nor by the Imprisonments of Multitudes, be restrained. The Ministers that were Silenced for Nonconformity, had ever since 1662. done their Work very privately, and to a few [...] \It was the Plague that brought them out of their secret narrow Meetings into publick.\ And when the Plague grew hot, most of the Conformable Ministers fled, and left their Flocks, in the time of their Extremity: whereupon divers Nonconformists pitying the dying and distressed People, that had none to call the impenitent to Repentance, nor to help Men to prepare for another World; nor to comfort them in their Terrors, when about Ten Thousand dyed in a Week, resolved that no obedience to the Laws of any mortal Men whosoever, could justifie them for neglecting of Men's Souls and Bodies in such extremities [...]

Therefore they resolved to stay with the People, and to go in to the forsaken Pulpits, though prohibited, and to preach to the poor People before they dyed; and also to visit the Sick, and get what relief they could for the Poor, especially those that were shut up. Those that set upon this work, were Mr. Thomas Vincent, late Minister in *Milk-street*; with some Strangers that came thither, since they were Silenced, as Mr. *Chester*, Mr. *Janeway*, Mr. *Turner*, Mr. *Grimes*, Mr. *Franklin*, and some others (II.306)

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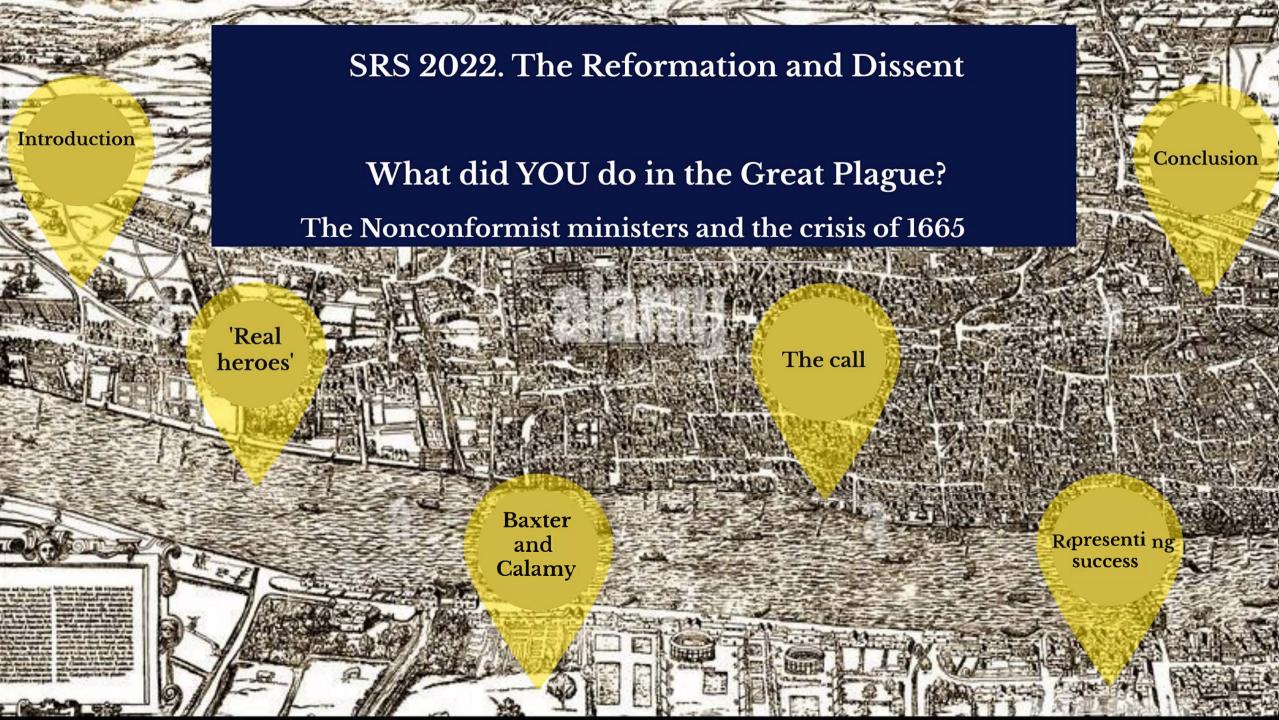
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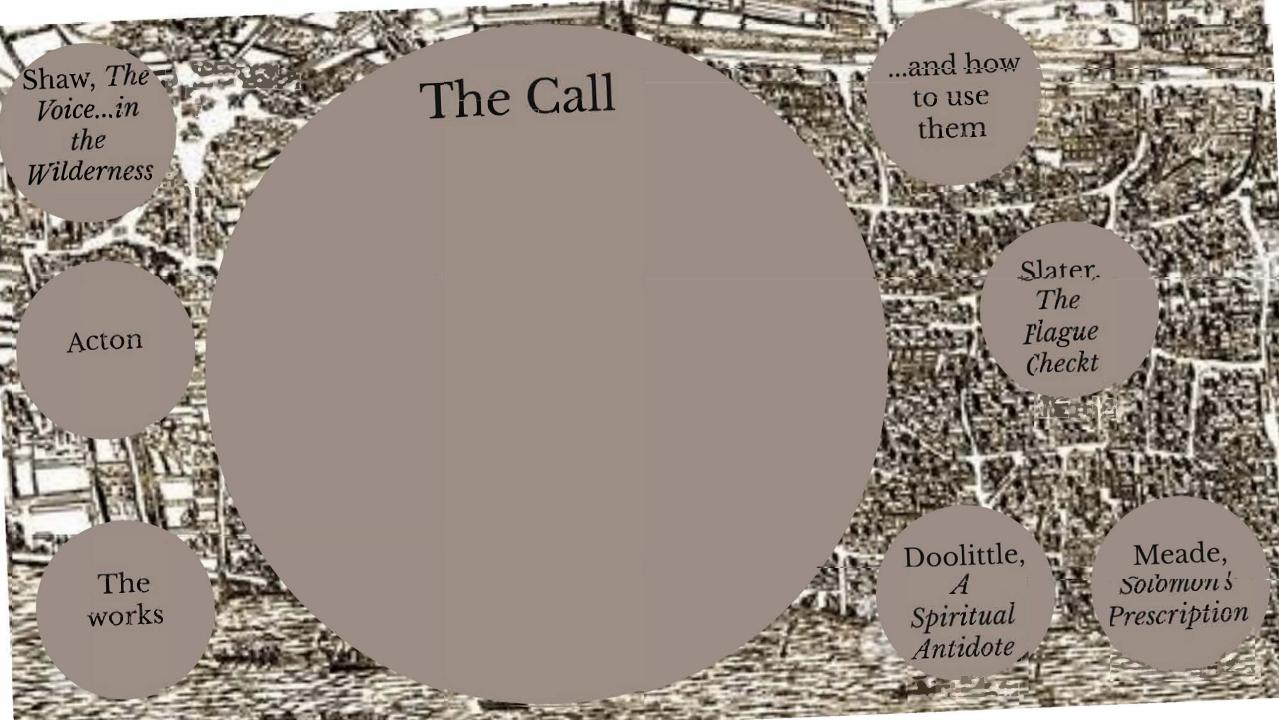
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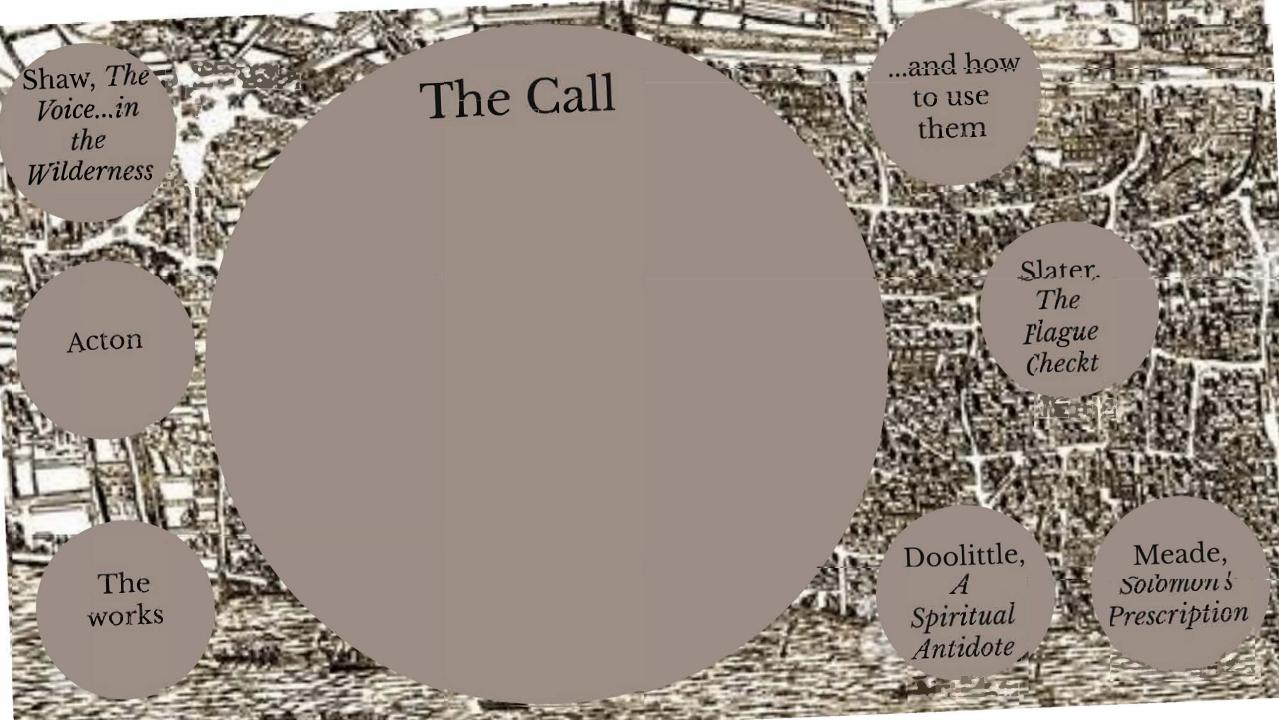
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Reliquiæ Baxterianæ

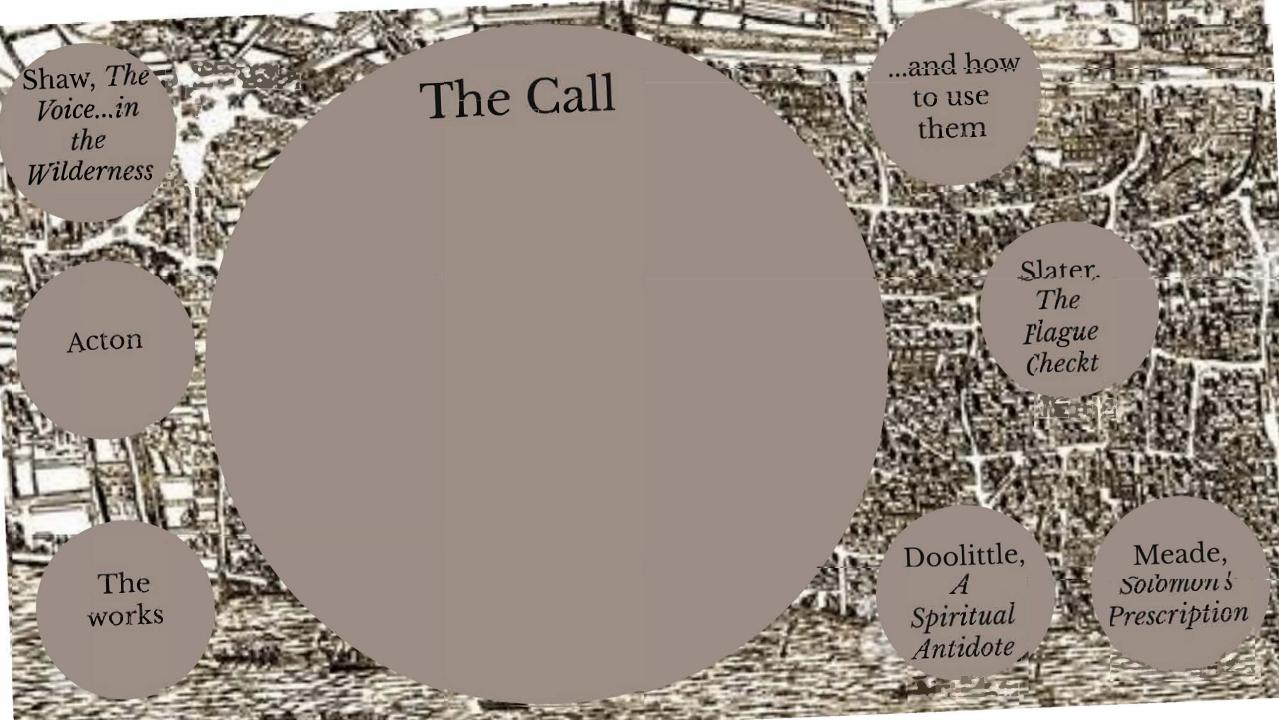




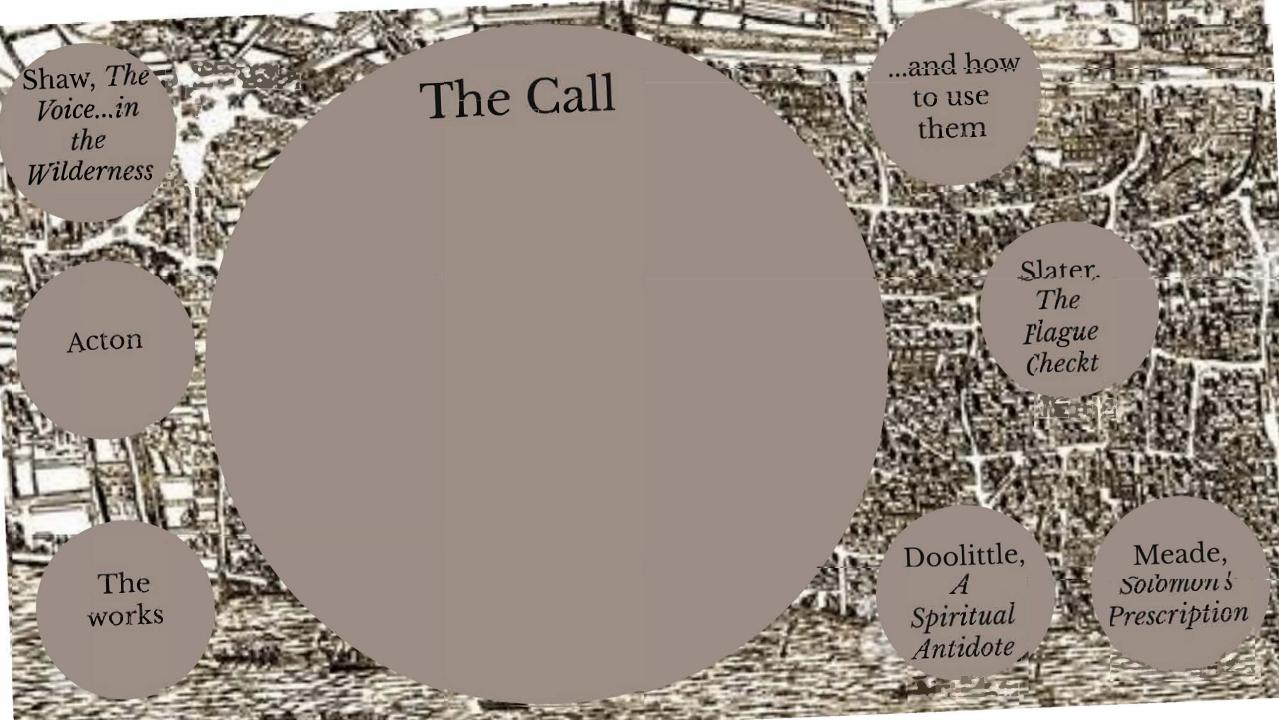
Leaving most of my Family at *Acton* compassed about with the Plague, at the writing of this through the mercy of my dear God and Father in Christ, I am hitherto in Safety and Comfort, in the House of my dearly beloved and honoured Friend *Mr. Richard Hampden* of *Hampden* in *Buckinghamshire.* (*RQ*, II. 290-91)



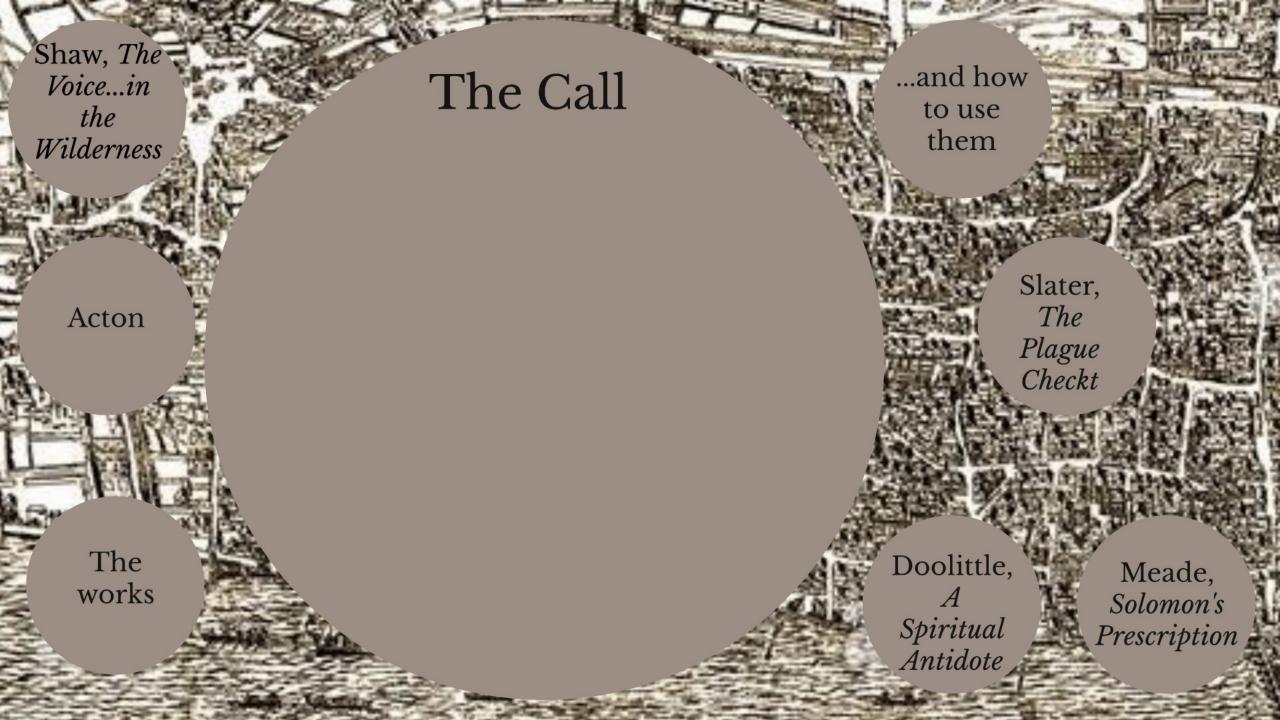
Yet after, when the Plague began I sent three single Sheets to the Archbishop of Canterbury's Chaplain (without any Name that they might have past unknown, but accidentally they knew them to be mine) and they were Licensed: The one was Directions for the Sick: The second was Directions for the Conversion of the Ungodly: and the third was Instructions for a Holy Life: for the use of poor Families that cannot buy greater Books, or will not read them (RQ, II. 441)



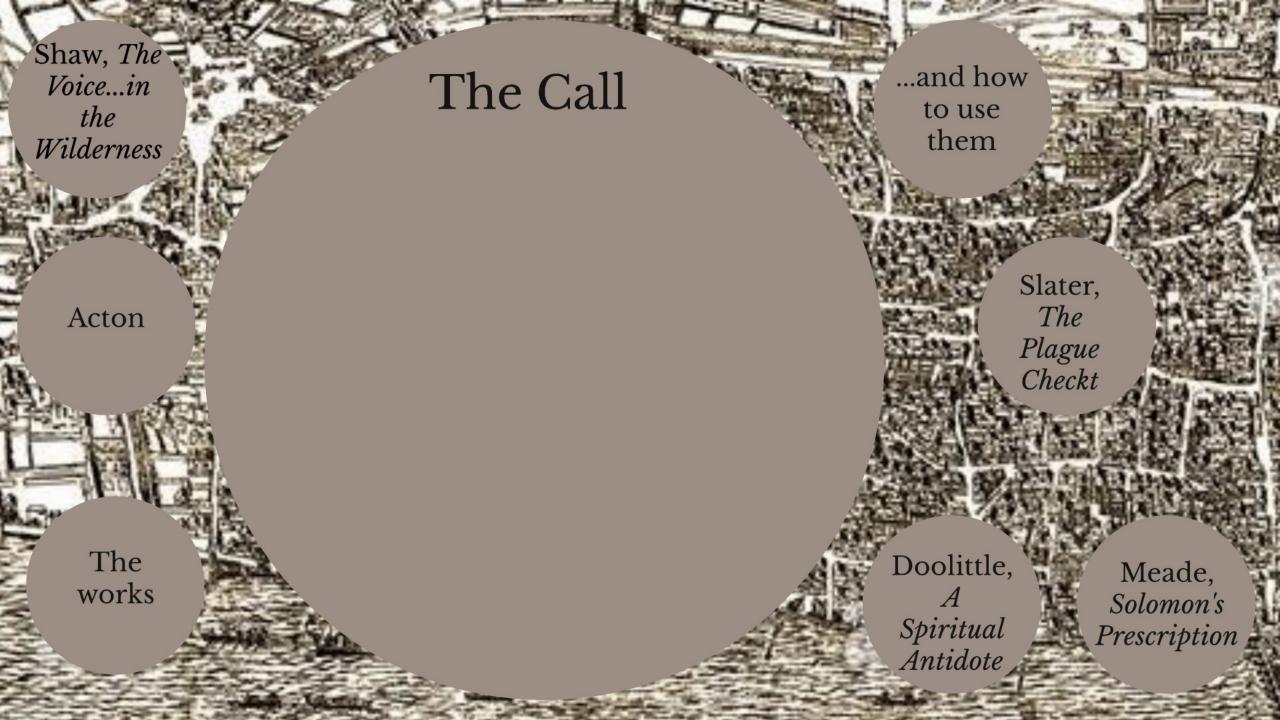
a halfe sheet (to sticke on a wall) for the use of the ignorant & ungodly, who were sick or in danger of the sicknes: (For the Godly I thought had lesse need, & would read those larger bookes, which are plentifully among us). And I the rather did it because many well minded people that are about the sicke, that are ignorant & unprepared, & know not what to say to them, may not only read so short a paper to them, but see there in what method such persons are to be dealt with in such a case of extreamity, that they may themselues enlarge as they see cause (I. 492)



"ordinary study, repast, devotions, or my necessary attendance upon my several infected rooms, and administring to the necessities of my sick. These ensuing Discourses were then composed"



And though in his Providence, God hath removed me and my Family from the hearing of your Passing-Bells, and the doleful Lamentations that the ears of the *there present*, are filled with: Yet methinks I see the living laboring day and night, to Bury their Dead, while the other half, as yet remain, *partly lamenting* the Death of them departed, and *partly looking* for their own. Methinks I see many oftentimes viewing of their own Bodies, to see when the Tokens will appear. Methinks I see one sick and dying in one Room, and another in another; and those that yet are well, tread every step they take upon the Brink and *Border* of another World. (SA, 2)



Since Christianity it self is not forbid to be Preach't, only I must not do it, viz. not Publickly; but yet others will, and in many places do: And I foresee that by rushing upon the Publick Preaching, more hurt would come of my disobedience, than good; and I should be more out of a capacity for future Service, either by Imprisonment, Banishment, or the like; [...] I will then see what private opportunities are afforded me for those ends [...] And this is no other than the course *Paul* himself took. Gal. 2. 2. when he communicated the Gospel privately, to them that were of Reputation (and why? for fear, or shame? no, but) lest he should run in vain [...] oh follow then the example of *Paul*, who went about from house to house, night and day, warning and beseeching every one with tears. What do you think this is not preaching the Gospel? Do you think that's only, whilst you stand on a high place in the midst of an Assembly? Did not Christ preach the Gospel to a Woman alone, and Philip to the Eunuch? In some respects 'tis evident personal discourse hath much the advantage of publick Preaching; and why may we not expect Gods blessing hereupon, as well as on the other? (SP, 71-75)

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Afford your Neighbours then all the helps you can for their precious souls. Go to their Houses, and lend them good Books, and discourse of those matters that you may easily perceive do most concern Dying men: And let that be your direction for the future in this work... (SP, 85).



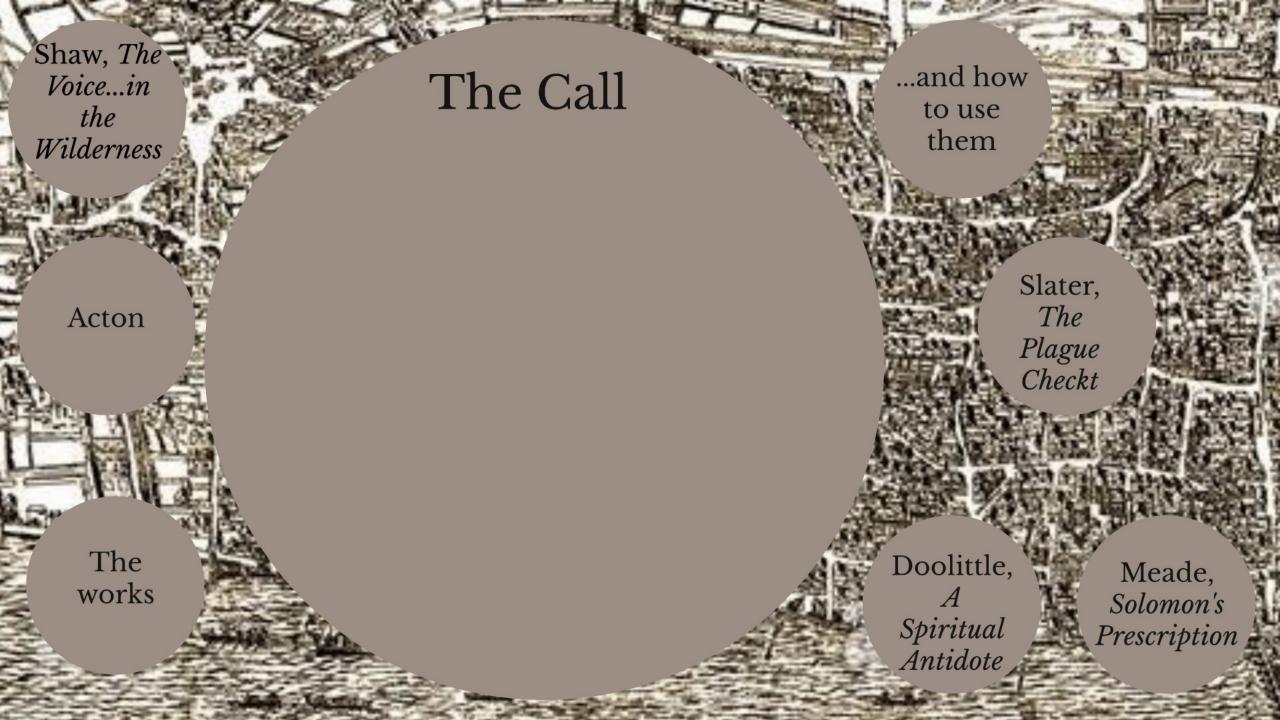
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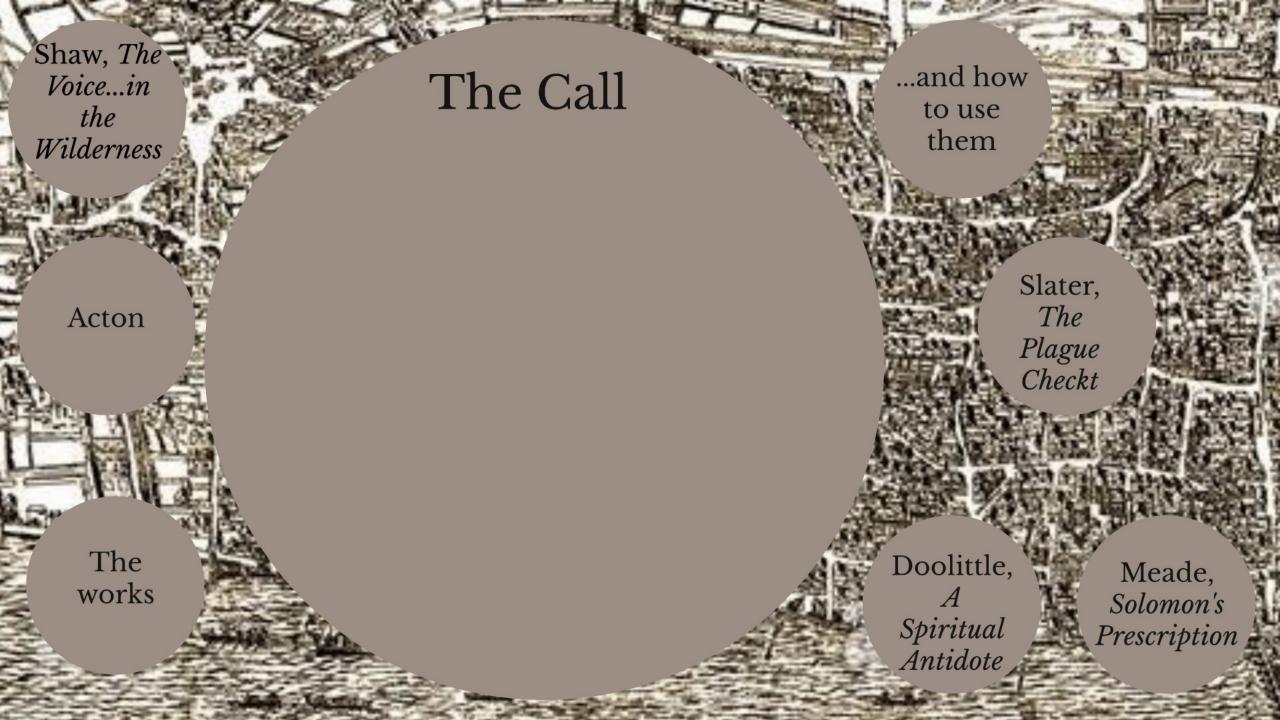


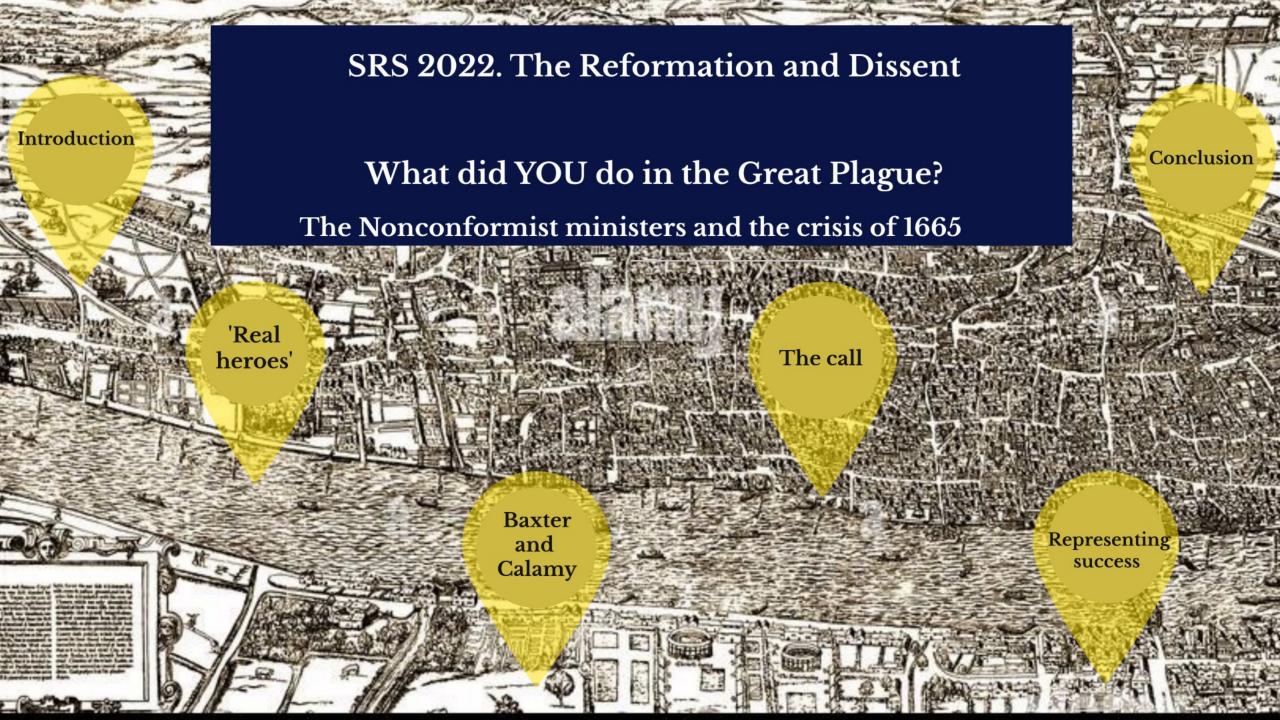


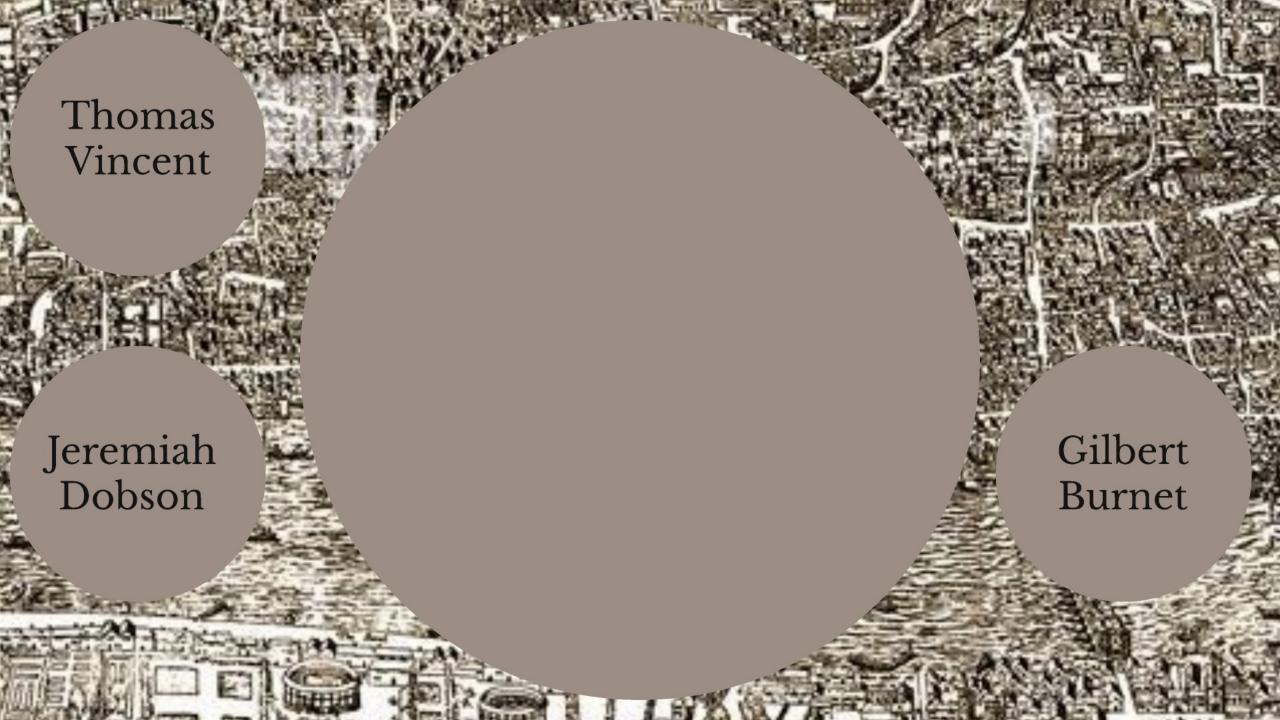


Those sweet and savory Papers of his [Baxter], which like so many Boxes of Precious Ointment broken open, have filled the City and Country with such an Odoriferous and Fragrant smell, as hath much refresht the nostrills of many.

> Samuel Slater, Wholesome Counsells (1665)

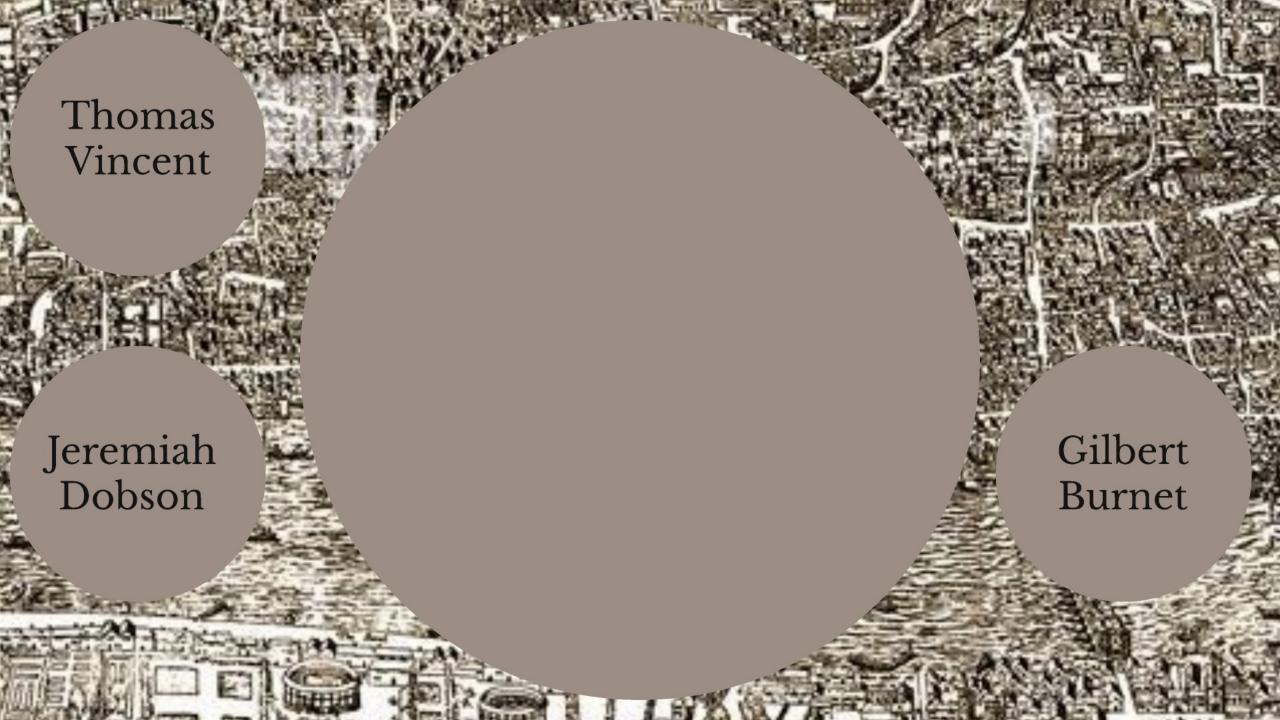






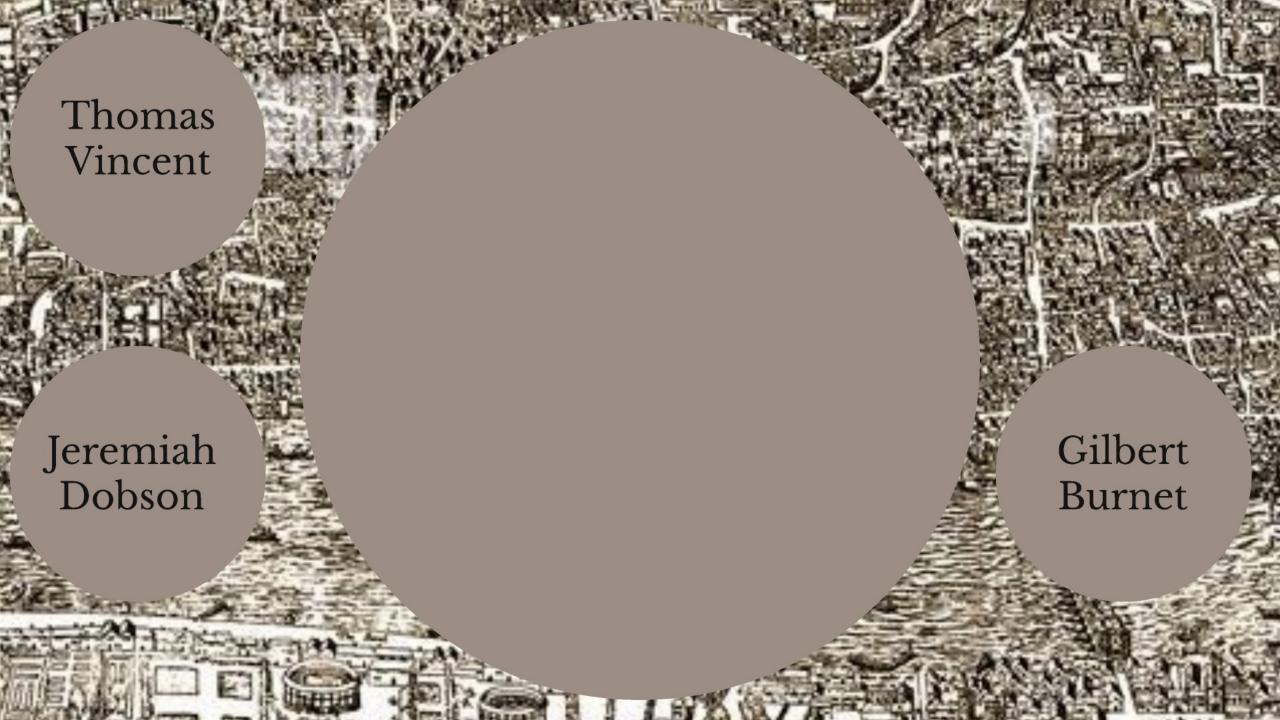
Now there is such a vast concourse of people in the Churches, where these Ministers are to be found, that they cannot many times come neer the Pulpit doors for the press, but are forced to climb over the pews to them: And such a face is now seen in the Assemblies, as seldome was seen before in London; such eager looks; such open ears, such greedy attention, as if every word would be eaten, which dropt from the mouths of the Ministers (50)

> God's Terrible Voice in the City (1667)



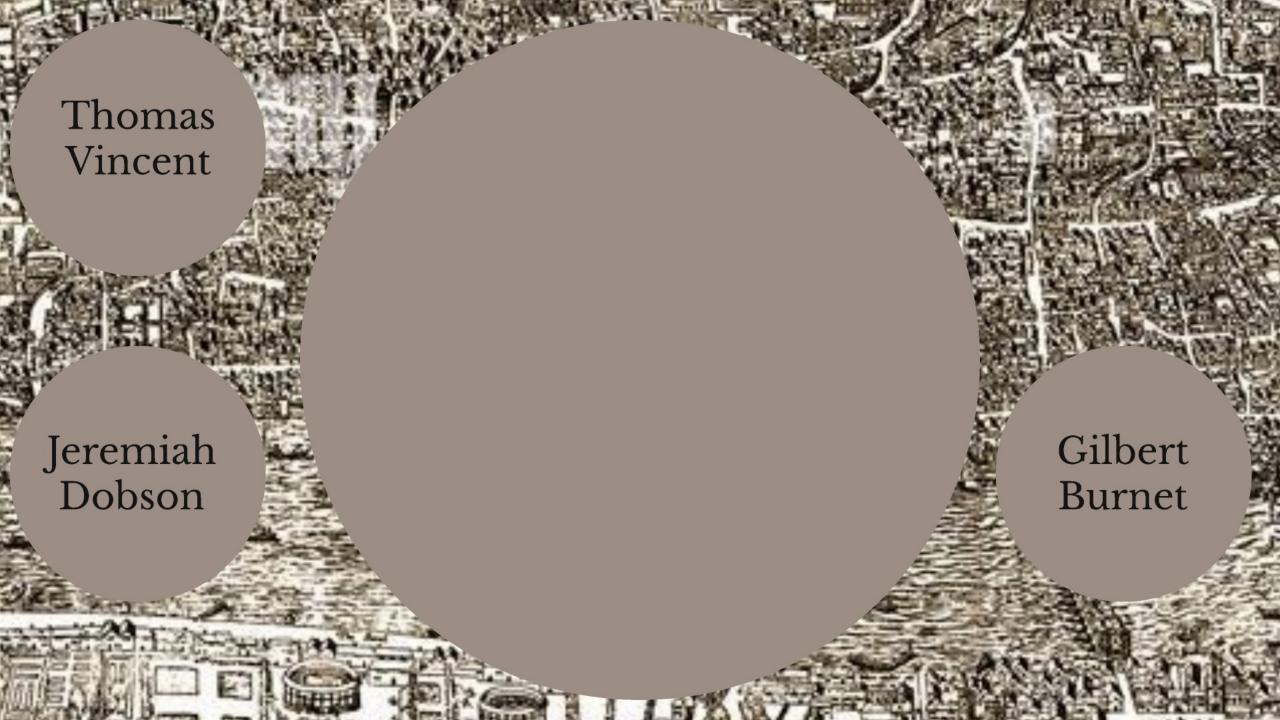
[...] when nformation and notice be given that some Stentorean fam'd Non-Conformist, some popular and newly cryed-up Preacher, that seems to pray without premeditation, and preacheth without book, never looking upon Notes nor Bible [...] Let it, I say, be but noysed, nay whispered abroad that such a one is to teach in this or that place, either Morning or Afternoon; and then though the Church were as large as St. Pauls, yet it will scarcely find room enough to receive and contain the disorderly Rabble of his sequacious eager followers [...]

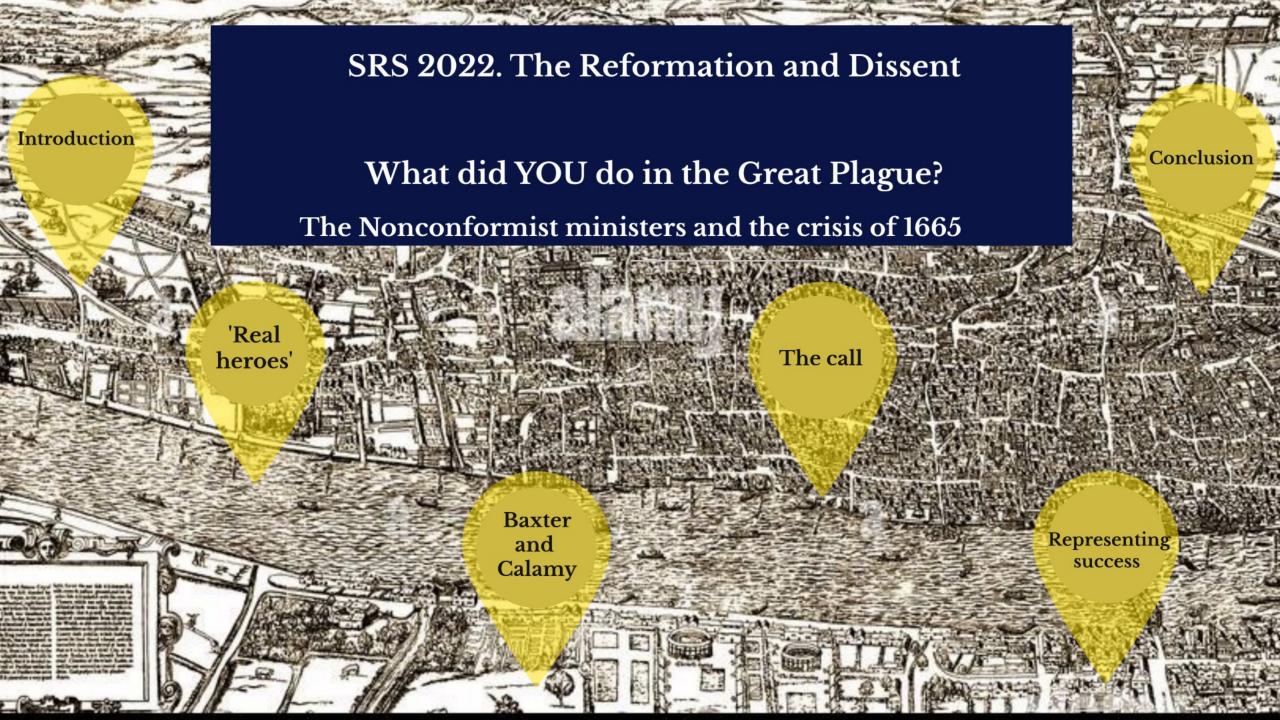
> The Preachers Precept of Consideration (1665)



A great many of the Ministers of *London* were driven away by the Plague; tho' some few staid. Many Churches being shut up, when the inhabitants were in a more than ordinary disposition to profit by good sermons, some of the Nonconformists upon that went unto the empty pulpits, and preached; and, it was given out, with very good success: And in many other places they began to preach openly, not without reflecting on the sins of the Court, and on the ill usage that they themselves had met with. This was represented very odiously at *Oxford*.

History of His Own Time (1724)

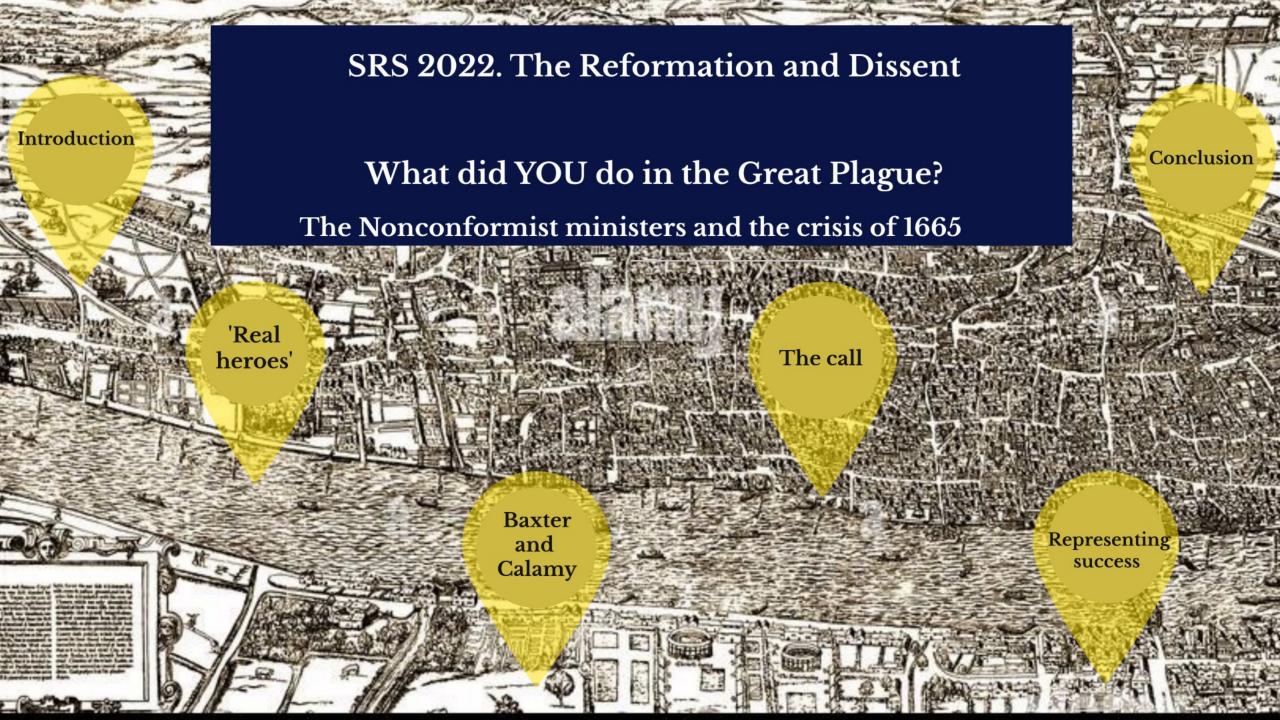




John Gadbury, *De Cometis* (1665)

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Conclusion

